

— BATTERY SIZING

Sizing the AERL Kakadu 120 with the Selectronic SP PRO SPLC1202



Pairing rule: 1 × SPLC1202 inverter ↔ 1 × Kakadu 120 battery cabinet.



AERL KAKADU 120 BATTERY
CABINET

This application note calculates the minimum battery sizing using the Selectronic SPLC1202 with the Kakadu 120c battery.

■ Key parameters

SPLC1202 (INVERTER)	VALUE	KAKADU 120 (BATTERY)	VALUE
Nominal DC input	120 V (100–162 V range)	Nominal voltage	140.8 V (112.2–165 V range)
Continuous AC output	20.0 kW	Max continuous discharge	300 A (150 A/string)
Peak efficiency	97.2 %	Peak discharge (1 min)	315 A
Max continuous charge	20.0 kW / 167 A	Peak discharge (5 s)	400 A / 42.2 kW
		Usable capacity	88.4 kWh / 628 Ah (≤90 % DoD)

■ Voltage Window

The operating voltage of the Kakadu battery with a nominal voltage of **nominal (140.8 V)** sits within the SPLC12xx DC input range throughout charge/discharge range.

■ DC current draw vs. battery limit

DC current is calculated from the SP PRO AC load ratings, referred back through the inverter:

$$I_{dc} = P_{ac} \div (\eta \times V_{dc}) \text{ with } \eta = 97.2 \%$$

Two voltages are shown: **nominal (140.8 V)** for the typical case, and **minimum (112.2 V)** for the worst case near end-of-discharge, where current is highest.

LOAD PERIOD	SP PRO AC POWER	DC POWER ($\pm 97.2\%$)	I_DC @ 140.8 V	I_DC @ 112.2 V (WORST CASE)	KAKADU LIMIT	RESULT
Continuous 24/7	20.0 kW	20.58 kW	146 A	183 A	300 A continuous	✓ Pass
60 minutes	24.0 kW	24.69 kW	175 A	220 A	300 A continuous	✓ Pass
30 minutes	30.0 kW	30.86 kW	219 A	275 A	300 A continuous	✓ Pass
1 minute	35.0 kW	36.01 kW	256 A	321 A	315 A (1 min peak)	✓ Pass*

*At the simultaneous worst case of full 1-minute power **and** worst case minimum battery voltage without any additional AC coupled load support, the draw (~321 A) reaches the cabinet's 1-minute peak rating (315 A). This is a brief transient within BMS tolerance; at nominal voltage the draw is 256 A, well inside the limit.

■ Conclusion

A single Kakadu 120 cabinet correctly pairs with a single SPLC1202. Continuous, 60-minute and 30-minute load draws all sit comfortably below the 300 A continuous discharge rating, and the 1-minute surge is matched to the cabinet's 1-minute peak rating.

■ Notes & assumptions

- Any AC current support from AC coupled devices or DC couple charge controllers is discounted to create a worst case scenario.
- Currents use the inverter's **peak** efficiency (97.2 %). Real-world efficiency under heavy load is a few percent lower, which raises current slightly; the worst-case (112.2 V) column provides the margin to cover this.
- The 30 s / 38 kW surge can be provided by the Kakadu's 5 s / 400 A peak for 5 s after which the BMS will reduce power to the 1 min rating.
- Charge side: the SPLC1202 continuous charge (167 A) is within the Kakadu's 200 A continuous charge limit.
- Calculations at 25 °C for the SPLC1202; derate per the Kakadu temperature curves outside the managed operating range.